

# PETSc

## Portable, Extensible Toolkit for Scientific Computation

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Tutorial at Segundo Encuentro Nacional de Computación  
de Alto Rendimiento para Aplicaciones Científicas



May 7th, 2013



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

## Education

Master's Degrees in Microelectronics and Mathematics

Doctoral Degree in Microelectronics

Home University: TU Wien



## Interests

Efficient Numerics on Modern Hardware

High-level APIs

Semiconductor Device Simulation

## Contact

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Find me at: Google+, Twitter, LinkedIn

### Goal of this Workshop

**You** should learn new things about HPC

### Ask Questions

Tell me if you do not understand

Ask for further details

Don't be shy

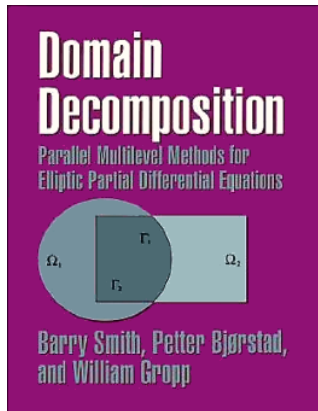
## PETSc Overview

PETSc was developed as a Platform for  
**Experimentation**

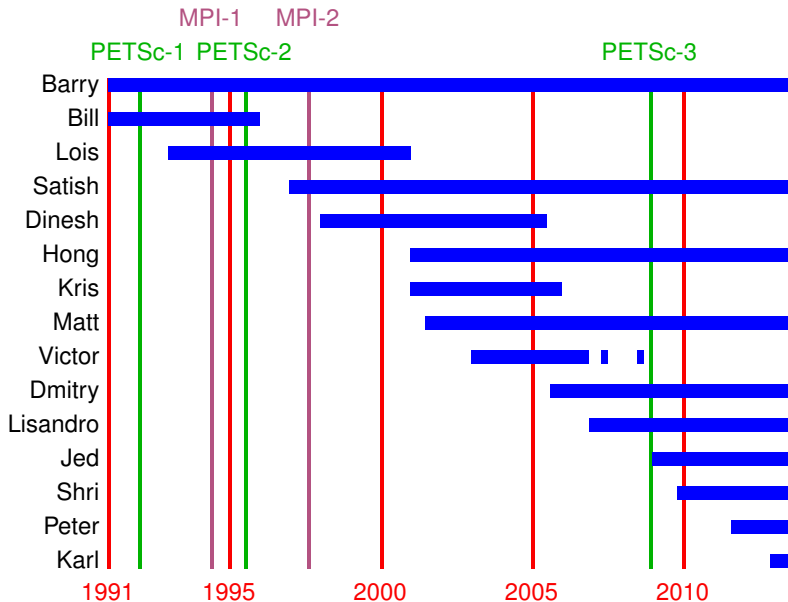
We want to experiment with different

- Models
- Discretizations
- Solvers
- Algorithms

These boundaries are often blurred...



# Timeline



## **Portable** Extensible Toolkit for Scientific Computing

### Architecture

tightly coupled (e.g. XT5, BG/P, Earth Simulator)

loosely coupled such as network of workstations

GPU clusters (many vector and sparse matrix kernels)

### Software Environment

Operating systems (Linux, Mac, Windows, BSD, proprietary Unix)

Any compiler

Usable from C, C++, Fortran 77/90, Python, and MATLAB

Real/complex, single/double/quad precision, 32/64-bit int

### System Size

500B unknowns, 75% weak scalability on Jaguar (225k cores)  
and Jugene (295k cores)

Same code runs performantly on a laptop

Free to everyone (BSD-style license), open development

Portable **Extensible** Toolkit for Scientific Computing

## Philosophy: Everything has a plugin architecture

Vectors, Matrices, Coloring/ordering/partitioning algorithms

Preconditioners, Krylov accelerators

Nonlinear solvers, Time integrators

Spatial discretizations/topology

## Example

Vendor supplies matrix format and associated preconditioner, distributes compiled shared library.

Application user loads plugin at runtime, no source code in sight.



## Portable Extensible **Toolkit** for Scientific Computing

### Toolset

- algorithms
- (parallel) debugging aids
- low-overhead profiling

### Composability

- try new algorithms by choosing from product space
- composing existing algorithms (multilevel, domain decomposition, splitting)

### Experimentation

- Impossible to pick the solver *a priori*
- PETSc's response: expose an algebra of composition
- keep solvers decoupled from physics and discretization

Portable Extensible Toolkit for **Scientific Computing**

## Computational Scientists

PyLith (CIG), Underworld (Monash), Magma Dynamics (LDEO, Columbia), PFLOTRAN (DOE), SHARP/UNIC (DOE)

## Algorithm Developers (iterative methods and preconditioning)

## Package Developers

SLEPc, TAO, Deal.II, Libmesh, FEniCS, PETSc-FEM, MagPar, OOFEM, FreeCFD, OpenFVM

## Funding

Department of Energy

SciDAC, ASCR ISICLES, MICS Program, INL Reactor Program

National Science Foundation

CIG, CISE, Multidisciplinary Challenge Program

## Documentation and Support

Hundreds of tutorial-style examples

Hyperlinked manual, examples, and manual pages for all routines

Support from `petsc-maint@mcs.anl.gov`

*Developing parallel, nontrivial PDE solvers that deliver high performance is still difficult and requires months (or even years) of concentrated effort.*

*PETSc is a toolkit that can ease these difficulties and reduce the development time, but it is not a black-box PDE solver, **nor a silver bullet.***

— Barry Smith

*You want to think about how you decompose your data structures, how you think about them globally. [...]*

*If you were building a house, you'd start with a set of blueprints that give you a picture of what the whole house looks like. You wouldn't start with a bunch of tiles and say, "Well I'll put this tile down on the ground, and then I'll find a tile to go next to it."*

*But all too many people try to build their parallel programs by creating the smallest possible tiles and then trying to have the structure of their code emerge from the chaos of all these little pieces. You have to have an organizing principle if you're going to survive making your code parallel.*

— Bill Gropp

— <http://www.rce-cast.com/Podcast/rce-28-mpich2.html>

## Obtaining PETSc

Linux Package Managers

Web: <http://mcs.anl.gov/petsc>, download tarball

Git: <https://bitbucket.org/petsc/petsc>

Mercurial: <https://bitbucket.org/petsc/petsc-hg>

## Installing PETSc

```
$> cd /path/to/petsc/workdir
$> git clone \
    https://bitbucket.org/petsc/petsc.git \
    --branch master --depth 1
$> cd petsc
```

```
$> export PETSC_DIR=$PWD PETSC_ARCH=mpich-gcc-dbg
$> ./configure --with-cc=gcc --with-fc=gfortran
    --download-f-blas-lapack
    --download-{mpich,ml,hypre}
```

### Most packages can be automatically

Downloaded

Configured and Built (in `$PETSC_DIR/externalpackages`)

Installed with PETSc

### Currently works for

petsc4py

PETSc documentation utilities (Sowing, lgrind, c2html)

BLAS, LAPACK, BLACS, ScaLAPACK, PLAPACK

MPICH, MPE, OpenMPI

ParMetis, Chaco, Jostle, Party, Scotch, Zoltan

MUMPS, Spooles, SuperLU, SuperLU-Dist, UMFPack, pARMS

PaStiX, BLOPEX, FFTW, SPRNG

Prometheus, HYPRE, ML, SPAI

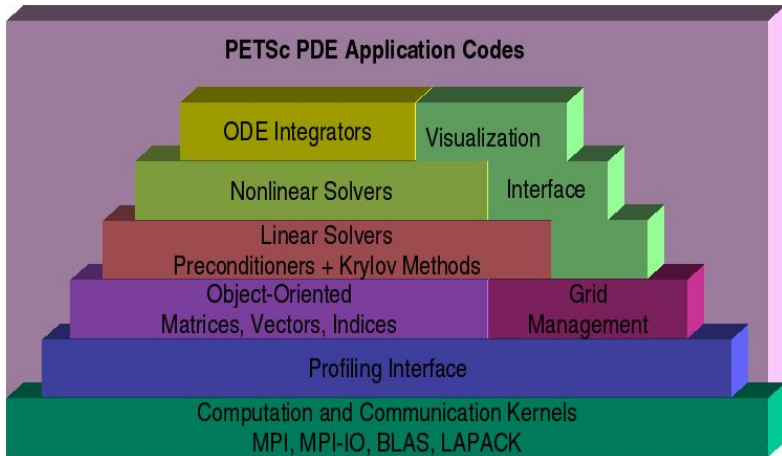
Sundials

Triangle, TetGen, FIAT, FFC, Generator

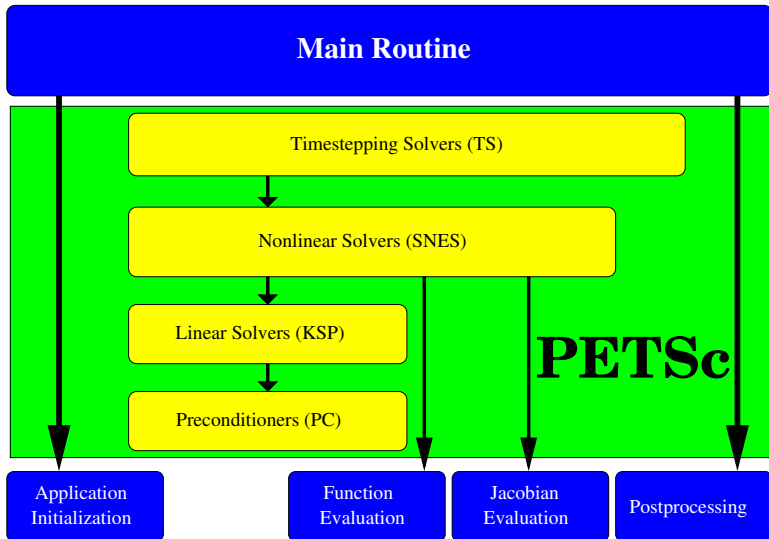
HDF5, Boost

# PETSc Pyramid

## PETSc Structure



# Flow Control for a PETSc Application





## Sample Code

```
Mat A;  
PetscInt m,n,M,N;  
MatCreate(comm, &A);  
MatSetSizes(A,m,n,M,N);          /* or PETSC_DECIDE */  
MatSetOptionsPrefix(A, "foo_");  
MatSetFromOptions(A);  
/* Use A */  
MatView(A,PETSC_VIEWER_DRAW_WORLD);  
MatDestroy(A);
```

## Remarks

`Mat` is an opaque object (pointer to incomplete type)

Assignment, comparison, etc, are cheap

What's up with this "Options" stuff?

We will discuss this later...

## Basic PetscObject Usage

Every object in PETSc supports a basic interface

| Function                | Operation                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Create ()               | create the object                  |
| Get/SetName ()          | name the object                    |
| Get/SetType ()          | set the implementation type        |
| Get/SetOptionsPrefix () | set the prefix for all options     |
| SetFromOptions ()       | customize object from command line |
| SetUp ()                | perform other initialization       |
| View ()                 | view the object                    |
| Destroy ()              | cleanup object allocation          |

Also, all objects support the `-help` option.

## Ways to set options

Command line

Filename in the third argument of `PetscInitialize()`

`~/petsrc`

`$PWD/.petsrc`

`$PWD/petsrc`

`PetscOptionsInsertFile()`

`PetscOptionsInsertString()`

`PETSC_OPTIONS` environment variable

command line option `-options_file [file]`

## Example of Command Line Control

```
$> ./ex5 -da_grid_x 10 -da_grid_y 10 -par 6.7  
      -snes_monitor -{ksp,snes}_converged_reason  
      -snes_view  
  
$> ./ex5 -da_grid_x 10 -da_grid_y 10 -par 6.7  
      -snes_monitor -{ksp,snes}_converged_reason  
      -snes_view -mat_view_draw -draw_pause 0.5  
  
$> ./ex5 -da_grid_x 10 -da_grid_y 10 -par 6.7  
      -snes_monitor -{ksp,snes}_converged_reason  
      -snes_view -mat_view_draw -draw_pause 0.5  
      -pc_type lu -pc_factor_mat_ordering_type natural
```

Use `-help` to find other ordering types

## Application Integration

## Be willing to experiment with algorithms

No optimality without interplay between physics and algorithmics

## Adopt flexible, extensible programming

Algorithms and data structures not hardwired

## Be willing to play with the real code

Toy models have limited usefulness

But make test cases that run quickly

## If possible, profile before integration

Automatic in PETSc

## Incorporating PETSc into Existing Codes

PETSc does not seize `main()`, does not control output

Propagates errors from underlying packages, flexible

Nothing special about `MPI_COMM_WORLD`

Can wrap existing data structures/algorithms

`MatShell`, `PCShell`, full implementations

`VecCreateMPIWithArray()`

`MatCreateSeqAIJWithArrays()`

Use an existing semi-implicit solver as a preconditioner

Usually worthwhile to use native PETSc data structures unless you have a good reason not to

Uniform interfaces across languages

C, C++, Fortran 77/90, Python, MATLAB

Do not have to use high level interfaces (e.g. SNES, TS, DM)

but PETSc can offer more if you do, like MFFD and SNES Test

## Version Control

It is impossible to overemphasize

## Initialization

Linking to PETSc

## Profiling

Profile **before** changing

Also incorporate command line processing

## Linear Algebra

First PETSc data structures

## Solvers

Very easy after linear algebra is integrated



## PETSc and Accelerators

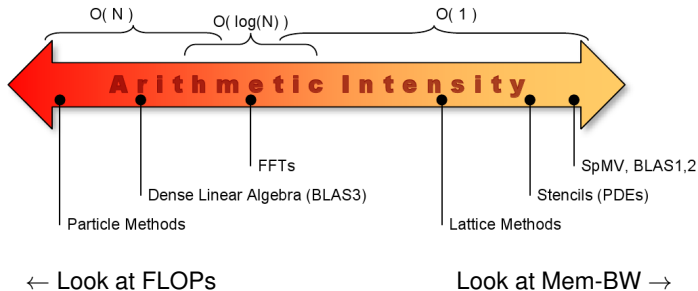
# Typical PETSc Operations

## “Sparse” Linear Algebra

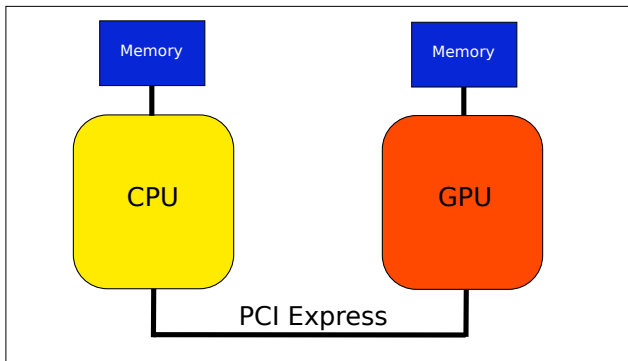
Sparse Matrix-Vector Operations (on-node)

Vector Operations (on and across nodes)

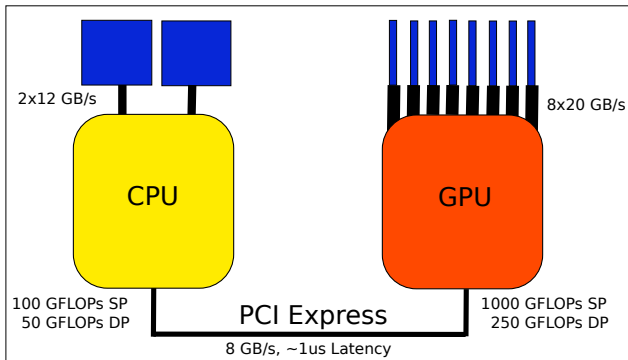
Only on small patches: Dense Operations (*small* matrices)



## Computing Architecture Schematic



## Computing Architecture Schematic



Good for large FLOP-intensive tasks, high memory bandwidth  
PCI-Express can be a bottleneck

➤ 10-fold speedups (usually) not backed by hardware

(applet on architecture trends)

[http://www.eecs.berkeley.edu/~rcs/research/interactive\\_latency.html](http://www.eecs.berkeley.edu/~rcs/research/interactive_latency.html)

## CUDA

- Almost no additional code required

- Vendor-lock

- Relies on `nvcc` being available

## OpenCL

- Additional boilerplate code required (low-level API)

- Broad hardware support (separate SDKs)

- No more development effort from NVIDIA

## Directives

- Annotate existing code with OpenMP-style Pragmas

- OpenACC and others

## NVIDIA Cusp/Thrust/CUSPARSE

Compile PETSc with CUDA support

Use command line options to enable types, e.g.

```
-vec_type cusp -mat_type aijcusp
```

## ViennaCL (OpenCL)

Compile PETSc with OpenCL support

Use command line options to enable types, e.g.

```
-vec_type viennacl -mat_type aijviennacl
```

Used for subsequent benchmarks

No change in application code required!

## Which Accelerator is Right for Me?

### Available Accelerators (Rough Sketch)

| Name               | TFLOP/s   | RAM (GB) | GB/s | TDP | Price |
|--------------------|-----------|----------|------|-----|-------|
| NVIDIA GTX 580     | 1.5/~0.2  | 1.5-3.0  | 192  | 244 | \$500 |
| NVIDIA GTX Titan   | 4.5/1.3   | 6.0      | 288  | 250 | \$~1k |
| NVIDIA Tesla 2050  | 1.3/0.5   | 3.0-6.0  | 150  | 225 | \$~2k |
| NVIDIA K20         | 3.5/1.2   | 5.0      | 200  | 220 | \$~3k |
| AMD HD 7970        | 3.5/~0.9  | 3.0-6.0  | 264  | 250 | \$550 |
| AMD FirePro W9k    | 4.0/1.0   | 6.0      | 264  | 274 | \$~3k |
| Intel Xeon Phi     | ~2.0/~1.0 | 8        | 320  | 225 | \$~3k |
| Intel Xeon E5-264x | 0.2/0.1   | ~64      | ~48  | 100 | \$~1k |

### PETSc Considerations

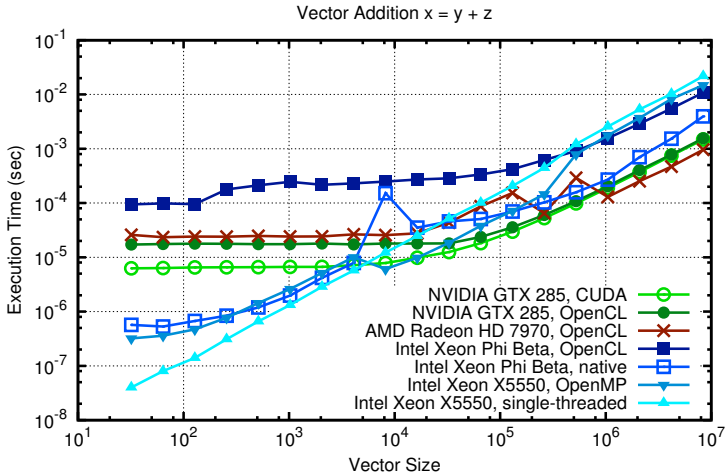
Single precision performance doesn't matter

Essentially all kernels memory bandwidth limited

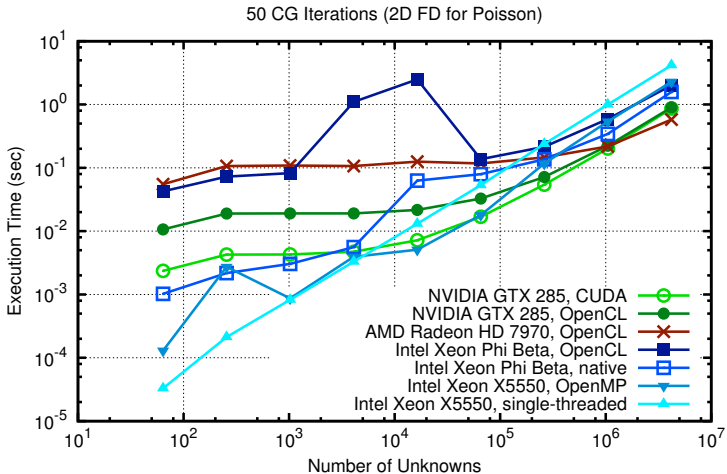
Memory access patterns rather irregular



# Benchmarks



# Benchmarks



### PETSc can help You

- solve algebraic and DAE problems in your application area
- rapidly develop efficient parallel code, can start from examples
- develop new solution methods and data structures
- debug and analyze performance
- advice on software design, solution algorithms, and performance

`petsc-{users,dev,maint}@mcs.anl.gov`

### You can help PETSc

- report bugs and inconsistencies, or if you think there is a better way
- tell us if the documentation is inconsistent or unclear
- consider developing new algebraic methods as plugins, contribute if your idea works